MR20H40 / MR25H40

MR20H40 - 50MHz/20ns ^{t}SCK 4Mb SPI Interface MRAM
MR25H40 - 40MHz/25ns ^{t}SCK 4Mb SPI Interface MRAM
For more information on product options, see **"Table 16 – Ordering Part Numbers" on page 25**.

FEATURES

- No write delays
- Unlimited write endurance
- Data retention greater than 20 years
- Automatic data protection on power loss
- Fast, simple SPI interface, up to 50 MHz clock rate with MR20H40.
- 3.0 to 3.6 Volt power supply range
- Low-current sleep mode
- Commercial (0 to 70°C), Industrial (-40 to 85°C), Extended (-40 to 105°C), and AEC-Q100 Grade 1 (-40 to 125°C) temperature range options.
- Available in 8-pin DFN or 8-pin DFN Small Flag, RoHS-compliant packages.
- Direct replacement for serial EEPROM, Flash, and FeRAM
- MSL Level 3



8-DFN



8-DFN Small Flag

RoHS

DESCRIPTION

MR2xH40 is a family of 4,194,304-bit magnetoresistive random access memory (MRAM) devices organized as 524,288 words of 8 bits. They are the ideal memory solution for applications that must store and retrieve data and programs quickly using a small number of I/O pins. They have serial EEPROM and serial Flash compatible read/write timing with no write delays and unlimited read/write endurance. Unlike other serial memories, with the MR2xH40 family both reads and writes can occur randomly in memory with no delay between writes.

The MR2xH40 family provides highly reliable data storage over a wide range of temperatures. The MR20H40 (50MHz) is offered with Industrial (-40° to 85 °C) range. The MR25H40 (40MHz) is offered with Commercial (0 to 70°C), Industrial (-40° to 85 °C), Extended (-40 to 105°C), and AEC-Q100 Grade 1 (-40°C to 125 °C) operating temperature range options.

Both are available in a 5 x 6mm, 8-pin DFN package. The pinout is compatible with serial SRAM, EEPROM, Flash, and FeRAM products.

深圳市满度科技有限公司
Web:www.manduic.com
Tel:150-1290-5940
Email:sales@manduic.com
微信扫码咨询客服

TABLE OF CONTENTS

OVERVIEW **5**

Figure 1 – Block Diagram 5

System Configuration **5**

Figure 2 – System Configuration 5

Pin Functions **6**

Figure 3 – DFN Package Pin Diagram (Top View) 6

Table 1 – Pin Functions 6

SPI COMMUNICATIONS PROTOCOL **7**

Command Codes **7**

Table 2 – Command Codes 7

Status Register, Memory Protection and Block Write Protection **8**

Table 3 – Status Register Bit Assignments 8

Memory Protection Modes **8**

Table 4 – Memory Protection Modes 8

Block Protection Modes **9**

Table 5 – Block Memory Write Protection 9

Read Status Register (RDSR) **10**

Figure 4 – Read Status Register (RDSR) Timing 10

Write Enable (WREN) **10**

Figure 5 – Write Enable (WREN) Timing 10

Write Disable (WRDI) **11**

Figure 6 – Write Disable (WRDI) Timing 11

Write Status Register (WRSR) **11**

Figure 7 – Write Status Register (WRSR) Timing 11

Read Data Bytes (READ) **12**

Figure 8 – Read Data Bytes (READ) Timing 12

Copyright © Everspin Technologies 2020

深圳市满度科技有限公司
Web:www.manduic.com
Tel:150-1290-5940
Email:sales@manduic.com

Table of Contents (Cont'd)

Write Data Bytes (WRITE) **12**
Figure 9 – Write Data Bytes (WRITE) Timing 13
Enter Sleep Mode (SLEEP) **13**
Figure 10 – Enter Sleep Mode (SLEEP) Timing 13
Exit Sleep Mode (WAKE) **14**
Figure 11 – Exit Sleep Mode (WAKE) Timing 14
ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS **15**
Absolute Maximum Ratings **15**
Table 6 – Absolute Maximum Ratings 15
Table 7 – Operating Conditions 16
Table 8 – DC Characteristics 16
Table 9 – Power Supply Characteristics 17
TIMING SPECIFICATIONS **18**
Capacitance **18**
Table 10 – Capacitance 18
AC Measurement Conditions **18**
Table 11 – AC Measurement Conditions 18
Figure 12 – Output Load for Impedance Parameter Measurements 18
Figure 13 – Output Load for all Other Parameter Measurements 18
Power Up Timing **19**
Table 12 – Power-Up Timing 19
Figure 14 – Power-Up Timing 19
AC Timing Parameters **20**
Table 13 – MR20H40 (^{f}SCK = 50MHz) AC Timing Parameters 20
Table 14 – MR25H40 (^{f}SCK = 40MHz) AC Timing Parameters 21

Copyright © Everspin Technologies 2020

深圳市满度科技有限公司
Web:www.manduic.com
Tel:150-1290-5940
Email:sales@manduic.com

Table of Contents (Cont'd)

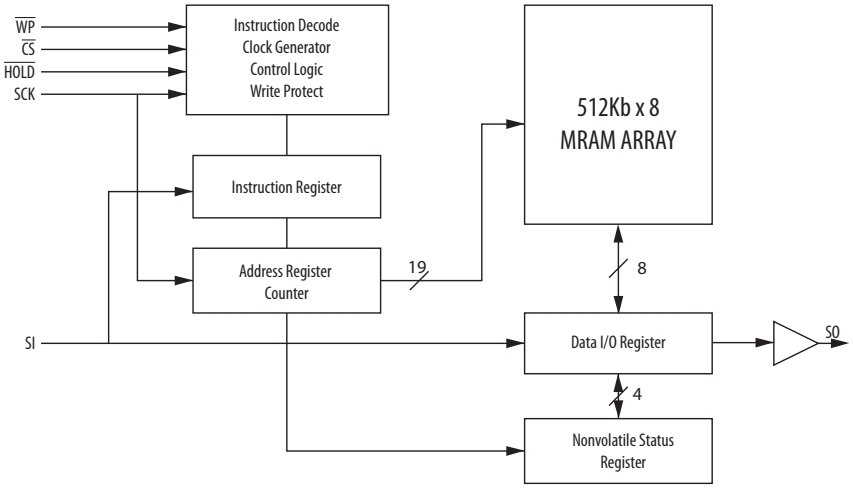
Figure 15 – Synchronous Data Timing 23
Figure 16 – $\overline{\text{HOLD}}$ Timing 23
PART NUMBERS AND ORDERING 24
Table 15 – Part Numbering System 24
Table 16 – Ordering Part Numbers 25
PACKAGE OUTLINE DRAWINGS 26
Figure 17 – DFN Package Outline 26
Figure 18 – DFN Small Flag Package 27
REVISION HISTORY 28
HOW TO REACH US 29

深圳市满度科技有限公司
Web:www.manduic.com
Tel:150-1290-5940
Email:sales@manduic.com

OVERVIEW

The MR2xH40 family is an SPI interface MRAM family with a memory array logically organized as 512Kx8 using the four pin interface of chip select ($\overline{CS}$), serial input (SI), serial output (SO) and serial clock (SCK) of the serial peripheral interface (SPI) bus. The MRAM implements a subset of commands common to SPI EEPROM and SPI Flash components. This allows the SPI MRAM to replace these components in the same socket and interoperate on a shared SPI bus. The SPI MRAM offers superior write speed, unlimited endurance, low standby & operating power, and simple, reliable data retention compared to other serial memory alternatives.

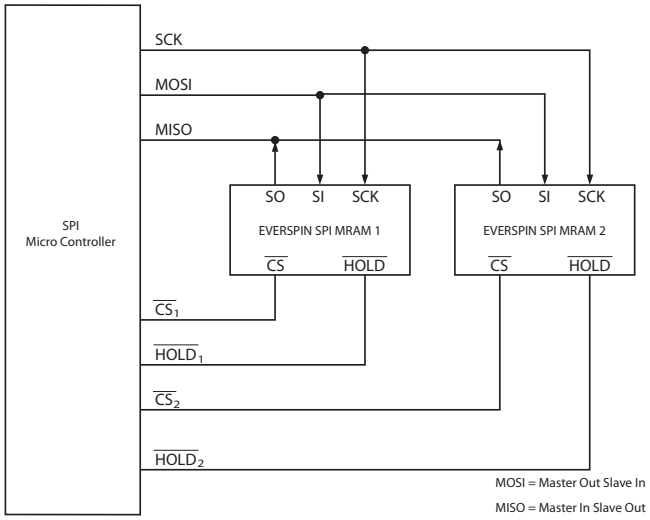
Figure 1 – Block Diagram



System Configuration

Single or multiple devices can be connected to the bus as shown in Figure 2. Pins SCK, SO and SI are common among devices. Each device requires $\overline{CS}$ and $\overline{HOLD}$ pins to be driven separately.

Figure 2 – System Configuration



深圳市满度科技有限公司
Web:www.manduic.com
Tel:150-1290-5940
Email:sales@manduic.com

Pin Functions

Figure 3 – DFN Package Pin Diagram (Top View)

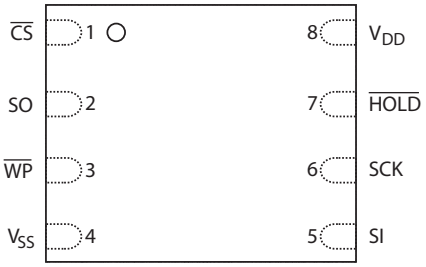


Table 1 – Pin Functions

Signal Name	Pin	I/O	Function	Description
$\overline{CS}$	1	Input	Chip Select	An active low chip select for the serial MRAM. When chip select is high, the memory is powered down to minimize standby power, inputs are ignored and the serial output pin is Hi-Z. Multiple serial memories can share a common set of data pins by using a unique chip select for each memory.
SO	2	Output	Serial Output	The data output pin is driven during a read operation and remains Hi-Z at all other times. SO is Hi-Z when HOLD is low. Data transitions on the data output occur on the falling edge of SCK.
$\overline{WP}$	3	Input	Write Protect	A low on the write protect input prevents write operations to the Status Register.
V_{SS}	4	Reference	Ground	Power supply ground pin.
SI	5	Input	Serial Input	All data is input to the device through this pin. This pin is sampled on the rising edge of SCK and ignored at other times. SI can be tied to SO to create a single bidirectional data bus if desired.
SCK	6	Input	Serial Clock	Synchronizes the operation of the MRAM. The clock can operate up to 50 MHz to shift commands, address, and data into the memory. Inputs are captured on the rising edge of clock. Data outputs from the MRAM occur on the falling edge of clock. The serial MRAM supports both SPI Mode 0 (CPOL=0, CPHA=0) and Mode 3 (CPOL=1, CPHA=1). In Mode 0, the clock is normally low. In Mode 3, the clock is normally high. Memory operation is static so the clock can be stopped at any time.
$\overline{HOLD}$	7	Input	Hold	A low on the Hold pin interrupts a memory operation for another task. When $\overline{HOLD}$ is low, the current operation is suspended. The device will ignore transitions on the $\overline{CS}$ and SCK when $\overline{HOLD}$ is low. All transitions of $\overline{HOLD}$ must occur while $\overline{CS}$ is low.
V_{DD}	8	Supply	Power Supply	Power supply voltage from +3.0 to +3.6 volts.

Copyright © Everspin Technologies 2020

深圳市满度科技有限公司
Web:www.manduic.com
Tel:150-1290-5940
Email:sales@manduic.com

SPI COMMUNICATIONS PROTOCOL

The MR2xH40 can be operated in either SPI Mode 0 (CPOL=0, CPHA =0) or SPI Mode 3 (CPOL=1, CPHA=1). For both modes, inputs are captured on the rising edge of the clock and data outputs occur on the falling edge of the clock. When not conveying data, SCK remains low for Mode 0; while in Mode 3, SCK is high. The memory determines the mode of operation (Mode 0 or Mode 3) based upon the state of the SCK when $\overline{CS}$ falls.

All memory transactions start when $\overline{CS}$ is brought low to the memory. The first byte is a command code. Depending upon the command, subsequent bytes of address are input. Data is either input or output. There is only one command performed per $\overline{CS}$ active period. $\overline{CS}$ must go inactive before another command can be accepted. To ensure proper part operation according to specifications, it is necessary to terminate each access by raising $\overline{CS}$ at the end of a byte (a multiple of 8 clock cycles from $\overline{CS}$ dropping) to avoid partial or aborted accesses.

Command Codes

Table 2 – Command Codes

Instruction	Description	Binary Code	Hex Code	Address Bytes	Data Bytes
WREN	Write Enable	0000 0110	06h	0	0
WRDI	Write Disable	0000 0100	04h	0	0
RDSR [1]	Read Status Register	0000 0101	05h	0	1
WRSR	Write Status Register	0000 0001	01h	0	1
READ	Read Data Bytes	0000 0011	03h	3	1 to ∞
WRITE	Write Data Bytes	0000 0010	02h	3	1 to ∞
SLEEP	Enter Sleep Mode	1011 1001	B9h	0	0
WAKE	Exit Sleep Mode	1010 1011	ABh	0	0

Note:

1. An RDSR command cannot immediately follow a READ command. If an RDSR command immediately follows a READ command, the output data will not be correct. Any other sequence of commands is allowed. If an RDSR command is required immediately following a READ command, it is necessary that another command be inserted before the RDSR is executed. Alternatively, two successive RDSR commands can be issued following the READ command. The second RDSR will output the proper state of the Status Register.

Copyright © Everspin Technologies 2020

深圳市满度科技有限公司
Web:www.manduic.com
Tel:150-1290-5940
Email:sales@manduic.com

Status Register, Memory Protection and Block Write Protection

The status register consists of the 8 bits listed in Table 3. As seen in Table 4, the Status Register Write Disable bit (SRWD) is used in conjunction with bit 1 (WEL) and the Write Protection pin ($\overline{WP}$) to provide hardware memory block protection. Bits BP0 and BP1 define the memory block arrays that are protected as described in Table 5. The fast writing speed of the MR2xH40 does not require write status bits. The state of bits 6,5,4, and 0 can be user modified and do not affect memory operation. All bits in the status register are pre-set from the factory in the "0" state.

Table 3 – Status Register Bit Assignments

Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
SRWD	Don't Care	Don't Care	Don't Care	BP1	BP0	WEL	Don't Care

Memory Protection Modes

When WEL is reset to 0, writes to all blocks and the status register are protected. When WEL is set to 1, BP0 and BP1 determine which memory blocks are protected. While SRWD is reset to 0 and WEL is set to 1, status register bits BP0 and BP1 can be modified. Once SRWD is set to 1, $\overline{WP}$ must be high to modify SRWD, BP0 and BP1.

Table 4 – Memory Protection Modes

WEL	SRWD	$\overline{WP}$	Protected Blocks	Unprotected Blocks	Status Register
0	X	X	Protected	Protected	Protected
1	0	X	Protected	Writable	Writable
1	1	Low	Protected	Writable	Protected
1	1	High	Protected	Writable	Writable

深圳市满度科技有限公司
Web:www.manduic.com
Tel:150-1290-5940
Email:sales@manduic.com

Block Protection Modes

The memory enters hardware block protection when the $\overline{WP}$ input is low and the Status Register Write Disable (SRWD) bit is set to 1. The memory leaves hardware block protection only when the $\overline{WP}$ pin goes high. While $\overline{WP}$ is low, the write protection blocks for the memory are determined by the status register bits BP0 and BP1 and cannot be modified without taking the $\overline{WP}$ signal high again.

If the $\overline{WP}$ signal is high (independent of the status of SRWD bit), the memory is in software protection mode. This means that block write protection is controlled solely by the status register BP0 and BP1 block write protect bits and this information can be modified using the WRSR command.

Table 5 – Block Memory Write Protection

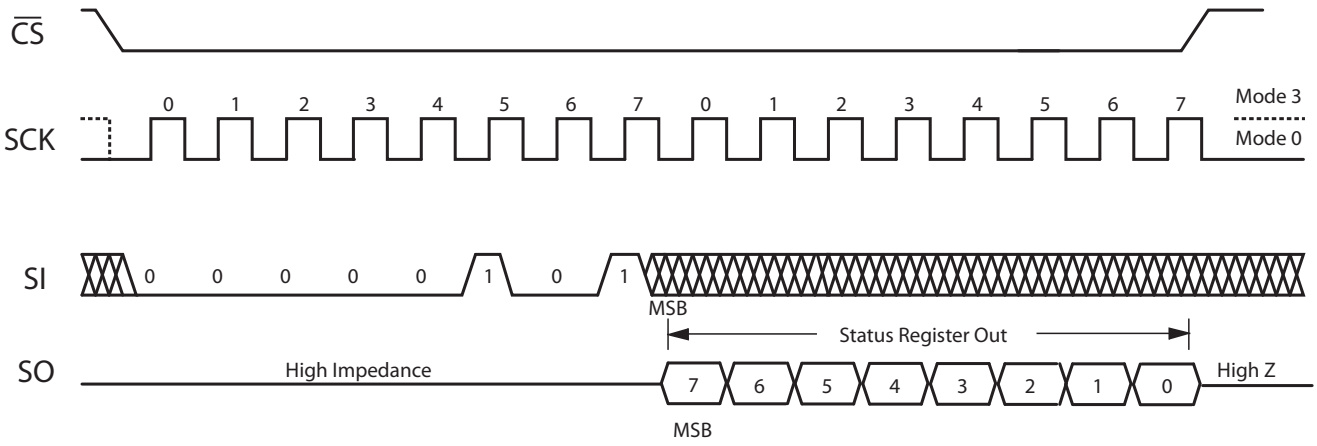
Status Register		Memory Contents	
BP1	**BP0**	**Protected Area**	**Unprotected Area**
0	0	None	All Memory
0	1	Upper Quarter	Lower Three-Quarters
1	0	Upper Half	Lower Half
1	1	All	None

深圳市满度科技有限公司
Web:www.manduic.com
Tel:150-1290-5940
Email:sales@manduic.com

Read Status Register (RDSR)

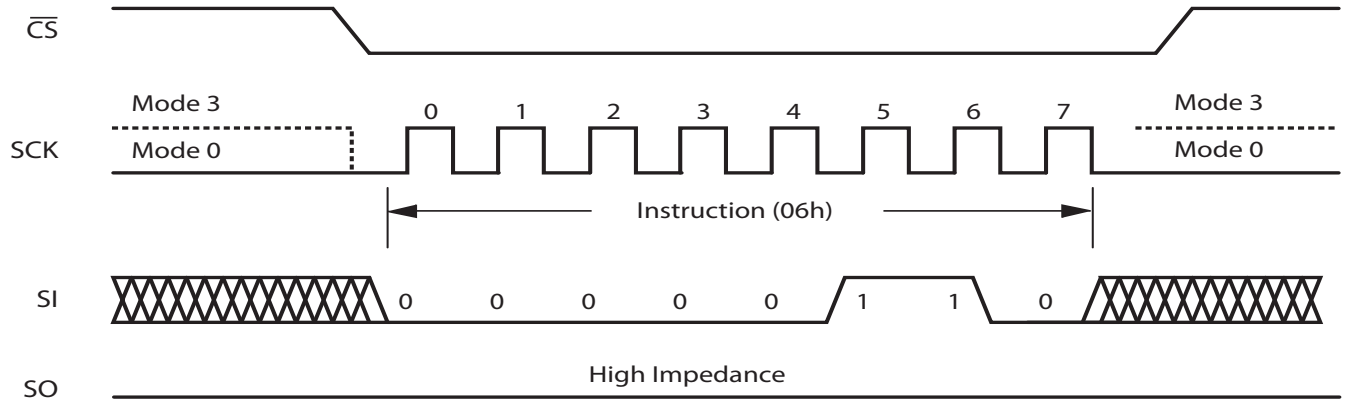
The Read Status Register (RDSR) command allows the Status Register to be read. The Status Register can be read to check the status of write enable latch bit, status register write protect bit, and block write protect bits. For MR2xH40, the write in progress bit (bit 0) is not written by the memory because there is no write delay. The RDSR command is entered by driving $\overline{CS}$ low, sending the command code, and then driving $\overline{CS}$ high. An RDSR command cannot immediately follow a READ command. If an RDSR command immediately follows a READ command, the output data will not be correct. Any other sequence of commands is allowed. If an RDSR command is required immediately following a READ command, it is necessary that another command be inserted before the RDSR is executed. Alternatively, two successive RDSR commands can be issued following the READ command. The second RDSR will output the proper state of the Status Register.

Figure 4 – Read Status Register (RDSR) Timing



Write Enable (WREN)

Figure 5 – Write Enable (WREN) Timing



The Write Enable (WREN) command sets the Write Enable Latch (WEL) bit in the status register (bit 1). The Write Enable Latch must be set prior to writing either bit in the status register or the memory. The WREN command is entered by driving $\overline{CS}$ low, sending the command code, and then driving $\overline{CS}$ high.

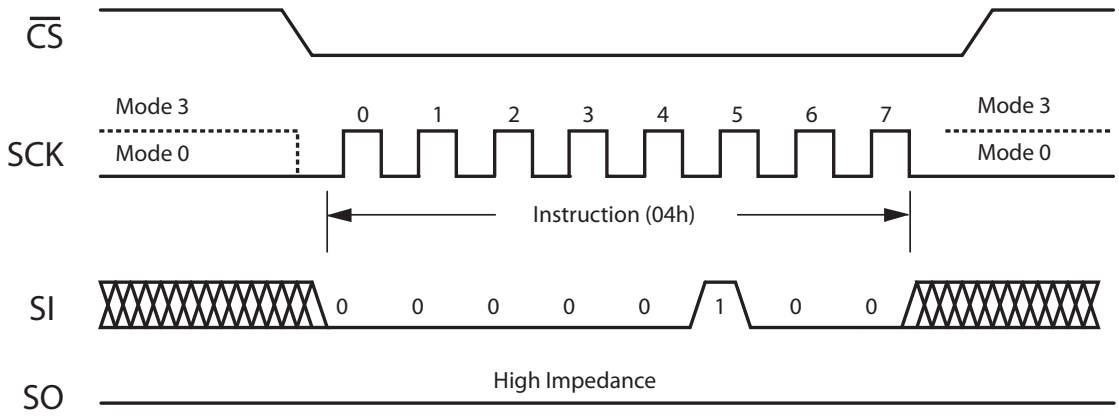
深圳市满度科技有限公司
Web:www.manduic.com
Tel:150-1290-5940
Email:sales@manduic.com

Write Disable (WRDI)

The Write Disable (WRDI) command resets the Write Enable Latch (WEL) bit in the status register (bit 1) to 0. This prevents writes to status register or memory. The WRDI command is entered by driving $\overline{CS}$ low, sending the command code, and then driving $\overline{CS}$ high.

The Write Enable Latch (WEL) is reset to 0 on power-up or when the WRDI command is completed.

Figure 6 – Write Disable (WRDI) Timing

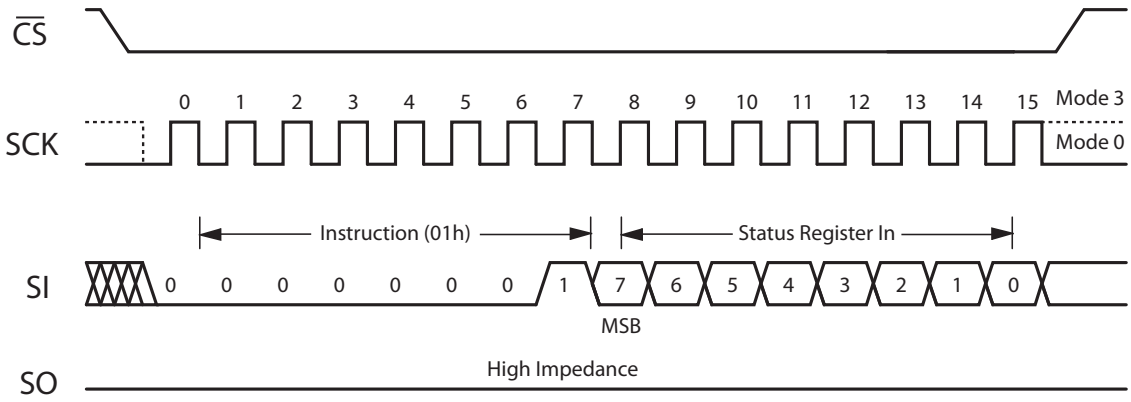


Write Status Register (WRSR)

The Write Status Register (WRSR) command allows new values to be written to the Status Register. The WRSR command is not executed unless the Write Enable Latch (WEL) has been set to 1 by executing a WREN command while pin $\overline{WP}$ and the Status Register SRWD (Bit 7) correspond to values that make the status register writable as seen in Table 4 on page 8. Status Register bits are non-volatile with the exception of the WEL which is reset to 0 upon power cycling.

The WRSR command is entered by driving $\overline{CS}$ low, sending the command code and status register write data byte, and then driving $\overline{CS}$ high.

Figure 7 – Write Status Register (WRSR) Timing



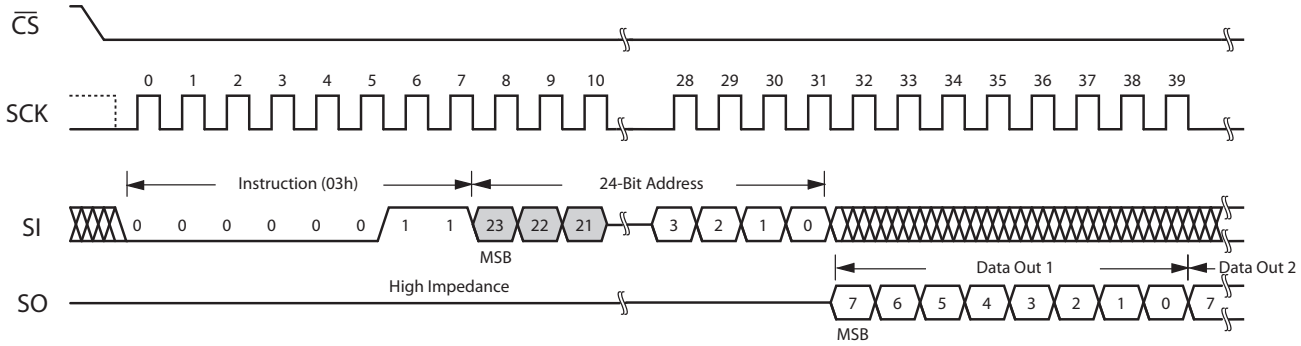
深圳市满度科技有限公司
Web:www.manduic.com
Tel:150-1290-5940
Email:sales@manduic.com

Read Data Bytes (READ)

The Read Data Bytes (READ) command allows data bytes to be read starting at an address specified by the 24-bit address. Only address bits 0-18 are decoded by the memory. The data bytes are read out sequentially from memory until the read operation is terminated by bringing $\overline{CS}$ high. The entire memory can be read in a single command. The address counter will roll over to 0000H when the address reaches the top of memory.

The READ command is entered by driving $\overline{CS}$ low and sending the command code. The memory drives the read data bytes on the SO pin. Reads continue as long as the memory is clocked. The command is terminated by bringing $\overline{CS}$ high.

Figure 8 – Read Data Bytes (READ) Timing



Write Data Bytes (WRITE)

The Write Data Bytes (WRITE) command allows data bytes to be written starting at an address specified by the 24-bit address. Only address bits 0-18 are decoded by the memory. The data bytes are written sequentially in memory until the write operation is terminated by bringing $\overline{CS}$ high. The entire memory can be written in a single command. The address counter will roll over to 0000H when the address reaches the top of memory.

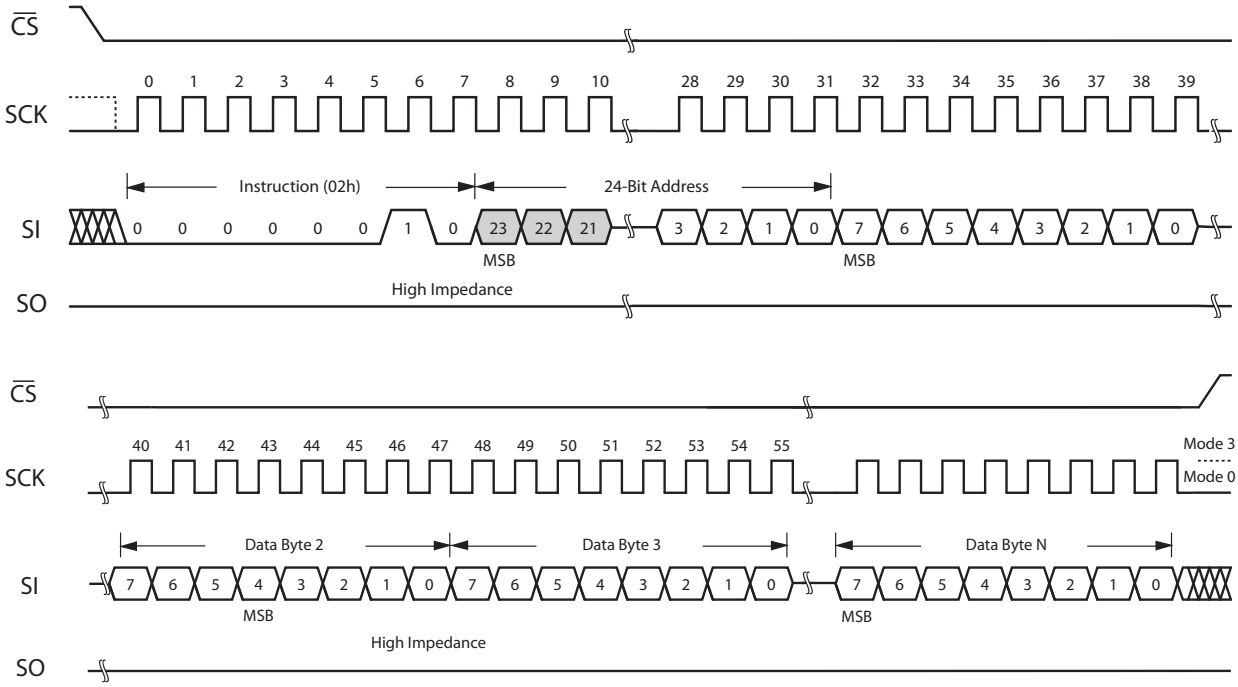
Unlike EEPROM or Flash Memory, MRAM can write data bytes continuously at its maximum rated clock speed without write delays or data polling. Back to back WRITE commands to any random location in memory can be executed without write delay. MRAM is a random access memory rather than a page, sector, or block organized memory so it is ideal for both program and data storage.

The WRITE command is entered by driving $\overline{CS}$ low, sending the command code, and then sequential write data bytes. Writes continue as long as the memory is clocked. The command is terminated by bringing $\overline{CS}$ high.

Copyright © Everspin Technologies 2020

深圳市满度科技有限公司
Web:www.manduic.com
Tel:150-1290-5940
Email:sales@manduic.com

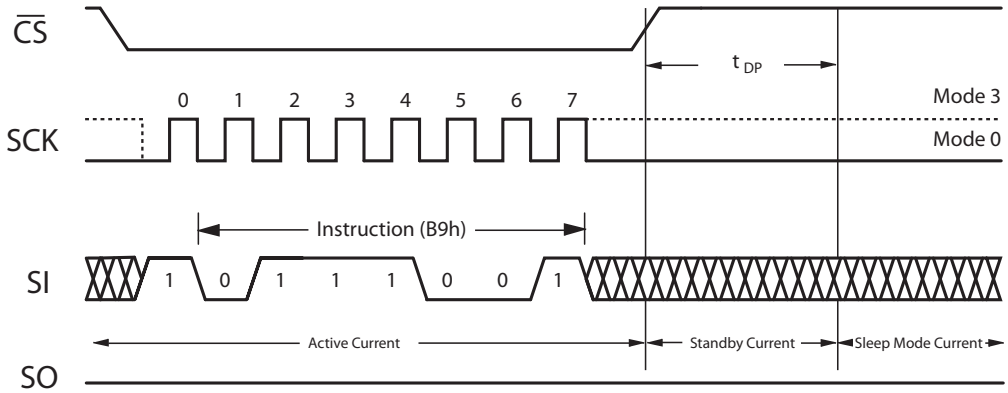
Figure 9 – Write Data Bytes (WRITE) Timing



Enter Sleep Mode (SLEEP)

The Enter Sleep Mode (SLEEP) command turns off all MRAM power regulators in order to reduce the overall chip standby power to 15 µA typical. The SLEEP command is entered by driving $\overline{CS}$ low, sending the command code, and then driving $\overline{CS}$ high. The standby current is achieved after time, ^{t}DP. If power is removed when the part is in sleep mode, upon power restoration, the part enters normal standby. The only valid command following SLEEP mode entry is a WAKE command.

Figure 10 – Enter Sleep Mode (SLEEP) Timing

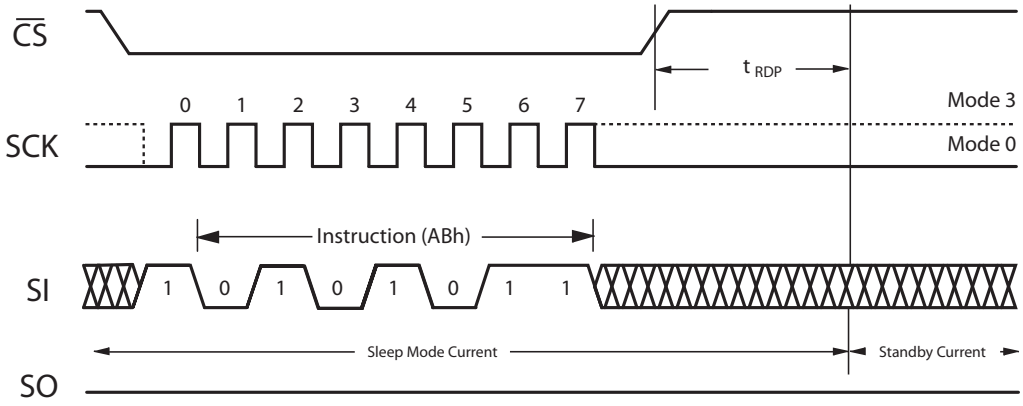


深圳市满度科技有限公司
Web:www.manduic.com
Tel:150-1290-5940
Email:sales@manduic.com

Exit Sleep Mode (WAKE)

The Exit Sleep Mode (WAKE) command turns on internal MRAM power regulators to allow normal operation. The WAKE command is entered by driving $\overline{CS}$ low, sending the command code, and then driving $\overline{CS}$ high. The memory returns to standby mode after ^{t}RDP. The $\overline{CS}$ pin must remain high until the ^{t}RDP period is over. WAKE must be executed after sleep mode entry and prior to any other command.

Figure 11 – Exit Sleep Mode (WAKE) Timing



深圳市满度科技有限公司
Web:www.manduic.com
Tel:150-1290-5940
Email:sales@manduic.com

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Absolute Maximum Ratings

This device contains circuitry to protect the inputs against damage caused by high static voltages or electric fields. However, it is advised that normal precautions be taken to avoid application of any voltage greater than maximum rated voltages to these high-impedance (Hi-Z) circuits.

The device also contains protection against external magnetic fields. Precautions should be taken to avoid application of any magnetic field more intense than the maximum field intensity specified in the maximum ratings.

Table 6 – Absolute Maximum Ratings

Permanent device damage may occur if absolute maximum ratings are exceeded. Functional operation should be restricted to recommended operating conditions. Exposure to excessive voltages or magnetic fields could affect device reliability.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Value	Unit
V_{DD}	Supply voltage [2]		-0.5 to 4.0	V
V_{IN}	Voltage on any pin [2]		-0.5 to V_{DD} + 0.5	V
I_{OUT}	Output current per pin		±20	mA
P_D	Package power dissipation [3]		0.600	W
T_{BIAS}	Temperature under bias	Commercial	-10 to 85	°C
		Industrial	-45 to 95	°C
		Extended	-45 to 115	°C
		AEC-Q100 Grade 1	-45 to 135	°C
T_{stg}	Storage Temperature		-55 to 150	°C
T_{Lead}	Lead temperature during solder (3 minute max)		260	°C
H_{max_write}	Maximum magnetic field during write	Write	12,000	A/m
H_{max_read}	Maximum magnetic field during read or standby	Read or Standby	12,000	A/m

Notes:

1. All voltages are referenced to V_{SS}. The DC value of V_{IN} must not exceed actual applied V_{DD} by more than 0.5V. The AC value of V_{IN} must not exceed applied V_{DD} by more than 2V for 10ns with I_{IN} limited to less than 20mA.
2. Power dissipation capability depends on package characteristics and use environment.

Copyright © Everspin Technologies 2020

深圳市满度科技有限公司
Web:www.manduic.com
Tel:150-1290-5940
Email:sales@manduic.com

Table 7 – Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Temp Grade	Min	Max	Unit
V_{DD}	Power supply voltage		3.0	3.6	V
V_{IH}	Input high voltage		2.2	V_{DD} + 0.3	V
V_{IL}	Input low voltage		-0.5	0.8	V
T_A	Ambient temperature under bias	Commercial	0	70	°C
		Industrial	-40	85	°C
		Extended	-40	105	°C
		AEC-Q100 Grade 1 [1]	-40	125	°C

Notes:

1. AEC-Q100 Grade 1 temperature profile assumes 10 percent duty cycle at maximum temperature (2 years out of 20-year life.)

Table 8 – DC Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
I_{LI}	Input leakage current		-	±1	µA
I_{LO}	Output leakage current		-	±1	µA
V_{OL}	Output low voltage	I_{OL} = +4 mA	-	0.4	V
		I_{OL} = +100 µA	-	V_{SS} + 0.2v	V
V_{OH}	Output high voltage	I_{OH} = -4 mA	2.4	-	V
		I_{OH} = -100 µA	V_{DD} - 0.2	-	V

深圳市满度科技有限公司
Web:www.manduic.com
Tel:150-1290-5940
Email:sales@manduic.com

Table 9 – Power Supply Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Typical	Max	Unit
I_{DDR}	Active Read Current	@ 1 MHz	5.0	11	mA
		@ 40 MHz	12	17	mA
		@ 50MHz	13.8	18.5	mA
I_{DDW}	Active Write Current	@ 1 MHz	9.0	25	mA
		@ 40 MHz	28	42	mA
		@ 50 MHz	33	46.5	mA
I_{SB1}	AC Standby Current (CS High)	@ 40 MHz	250	400	µA
		@ 50 MHz	650	750	µA
I_{SB2}	CMOS Standby Current (CS High)		90	180	µA
I_{ZZ}	Standby Sleep Mode Current (CS High)		15	40	µA

Copyright © Everspin Technologies 2020

深圳市满度科技有限公司
Web:www.manduic.com
Tel:150-1290-5940
Email:sales@manduic.com

TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

Capacitance

Table 10 – Capacitance

Symbol	Parameter	Typical	Max	Unit
C_{In}	Control input capacitance [1]	-	6	pF
$C_{I/O}$	Input/Output capacitance [1]	-	8	pF

Notes:

1. f = 1.0 MHz, dV = 3.0 V, T_A = 25 °C, periodically sampled rather than 100% tested.

AC Measurement Conditions

Table 11 – AC Measurement Conditions

Parameter	Value	Unit
Logic input timing measurement reference level	1.5	V
Logic output timing measurement reference level	1.5	V
Logic input pulse levels	0 or 3.0	V
Input rise/fall time	2	ns
Output load for low and high impedance parameters	See Figure 12	
Output load for all other timing parameters	See Figure 13	

Figure 12 – Output Load for Impedance Parameter Measurements

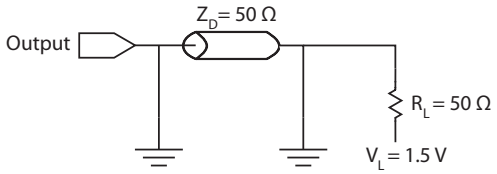
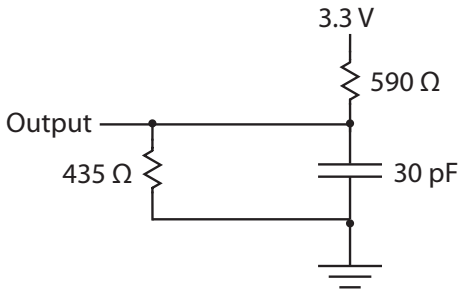


Figure 13 – Output Load for all Other Parameter Measurements



深圳市满度科技有限公司
Web:www.manduic.com
Tel:150-1290-5940
Email:sales@manduic.com

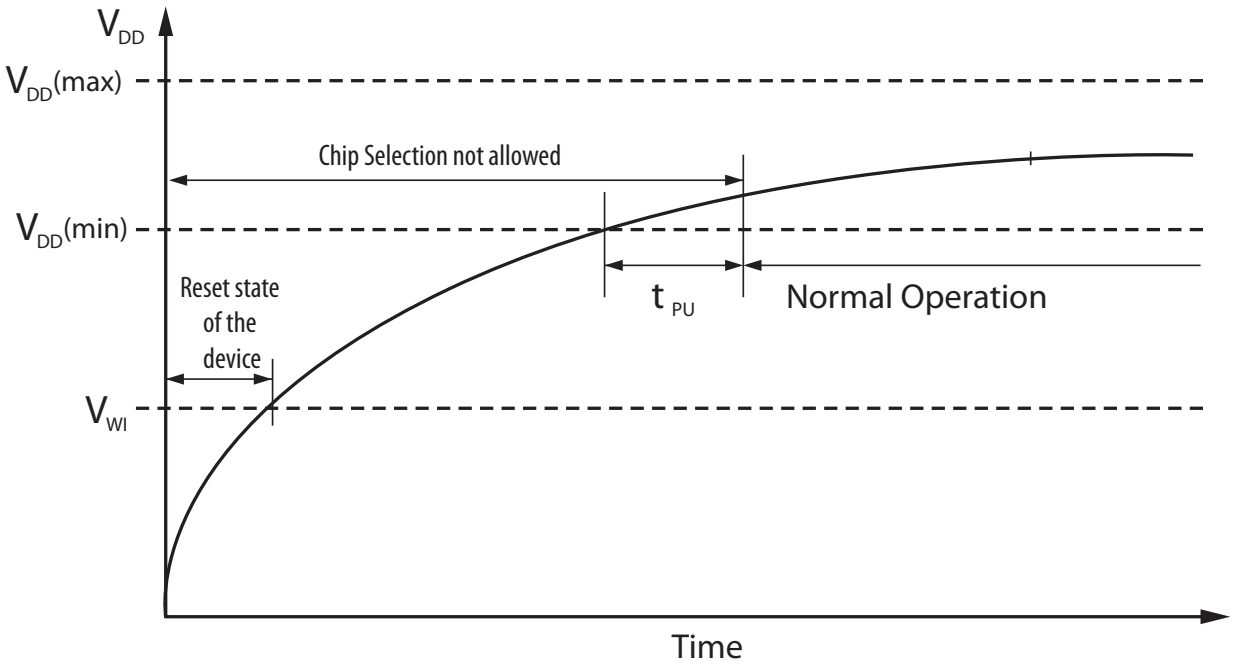
Power Up Timing

The MR2xH40 is not accessible for a start-up time, ^{t}PU= 400 µs after power up. Users must wait this time from the time when V_{DD} (min) is reached until the first $\overline{CS}$ low to allow internal voltage references to become stable. The $\overline{CS}$ signal should be pulled up to V_{DD} so that the signal tracks the power supply during power-up sequence.

Table 12 – Power-Up Timing

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
V_{WI}	Write Inhibit Voltage	2.2	-	-	V
^{t}PU	Startup Time	400	-	-	µs

Figure 14 – Power-Up Timing



深圳市满度科技有限公司
Web:www.manduic.com
Tel:150-1290-5940
Email:sales@manduic.com

AC Timing Parameters

Table 13 – MR20H40 (^{f}SCK = 50MHz) AC Timing Parameters

Industrial Temperature Range, V_{DD}=3.0 to 3.6 V, C_L= 30 pF for all values.

Symbol	Parameter	Temp Range	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
^{f}SCK	SCK Clock Frequency	Industrial	0	-	50	MHz
^{t}RI	Input Rise Time	Industrial	-	-	50	ns
^{t}RF	Input Fall Time	Industrial	-	-	50	ns
^{t}WH	SCK High Time	Industrial	7	-	-	ns
^{t}WL	SCK Low Time	Industrial	7	-	-	ns
Synchronous Data Timing see Figure 15						
^{t}CS	CS High Time	Industrial	40	-	-	ns
^{t}CSS	CS Setup Time	Industrial	5	-	-	ns
^{t}CSH	CS Hold Time	Industrial	5	-	-	ns
^{t}SU	Data In Setup Time	Industrial	2	-	-	ns
^{t}H	Data In Hold Time	Industrial	5	-	-	ns
^{t}V	Output Valid	Industrial	0	-	9	ns
^{t}HO	Output Hold Time	Industrial	0	-	-	ns
HOLD Timing see Figure 16						
^{t}HD	HOLD Setup Time	Industrial	5	-	-	ns
^{t}CD	HOLD Hold Time	Industrial	5	-	-	ns
^{t}LZ	HOLD to Output Low Impedance	Industrial	-	-	20	ns
^{t}HZ	HOLD to Output High Impedance	Industrial	-	-	20	ns
Other Timing Specifications						
^{t}WPS	WP Setup To CS Low	Industrial	5	-	-	ns
^{t}WPH	WP Hold From CS High	Industrial	5	-	-	ns
^{t}DP	Sleep Mode Entry Time	Industrial	3	-	-	µs
^{t}RDP	Sleep Mode Exit Time	Industrial	400	-	-	µs
^{t}DIS	Output Disable Time	Industrial	12	-	-	ns

Copyright © Everspin Technologies 2020

深圳市满度科技有限公司
Web:www.manduic.com
Tel:150-1290-5940
Email:sales@manduic.com

Table 14 – MR25H40 (^{f}SCK = 40MHz) AC Timing Parameters

Commercial Industrial, Extended and AEC-Q100 Grade 1 Temperature Ranges, V_{DD}=3.0 to 3.6 V, C_L= 30 pF for all values.

Symbol	Parameter	Temp Grade	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
^{f}SCK	SCK Clock Frequency	All	0	-	40	MHz
^{t}RI	Input Rise Time	All	-	-	50	ns
^{t}RF	Input Fall Time	All	-	-	50	ns
^{t}WH	SCK High Time	All	11	-	-	ns
^{t}WL	SCK Low Time	All	11	-	-	ns
Synchronous Data Timing see Figure 15						
^{t}CS	CS High Time	All	40	-	-	ns
^{t}CSS	CS Setup Time	All	10	-	-	ns
^{t}CSH	CS Hold Time	All	10	-	-	ns
^{t}SU	Data In Setup Time	All	5	-	-	ns
^{t}H	Data In Hold Time	All	5	-	-	ns
^{t}V	Output Valid	Comm./Ind./Ext.	0	-	9	ns
		AEC-Q100 Grade 1	0	-	10	ns
^{t}HO	Output Hold Time	All	0	-	-	ns

Table continues next page.

Copyright © Everspin Technologies 2020

深圳市满度科技有限公司
Web:www.manduic.com
Tel:150-1290-5940
Email:sales@manduic.com

Table 14 (Cont'd) - MR25H40 (^{f}SCK = 40MHz) AC Timing Parameters

Commercial, Industrial, Extended and AEC-Q100 Grade 1 Temperature Ranges, V_{DD}=3.0 to 3.6 V, C_L= 30 pF for all values.

HOLD Timing see Figure 16						
Symbol	**Parameter**	**Temp Grade**	**Min**	**Typical**	**Max**	**Unit**
^{t}HD	HOLD Setup Time	All	10	-	-	ns
^{t}CD	HOLD Hold Time	All	10	-	-	ns
^{t}LZ	HOLD to Output Low Impedance	All	-	-	20	ns
^{t}HZ	HOLD to Output High Impedance	All	-	-	20	ns
Other Timing Specifications						
^{t}WPS	WP Setup To CS Low	All	5	-	-	ns
^{t}WPH	WP Hold From CS High	All	5	-	-	ns
^{t}DP	Sleep Mode Entry Time	All	3	-	-	µs
^{t}RDP	Sleep Mode Exit Time	All	400	-	-	µs
^{t}DIS	Output Disable Time	All	12	-	-	ns

Copyright © Everspin Technologies 2020

深圳市满度科技有限公司
Web:www.manduic.com
Tel:150-1290-5940
Email:sales@manduic.com

Figure 15 – Synchronous Data Timing

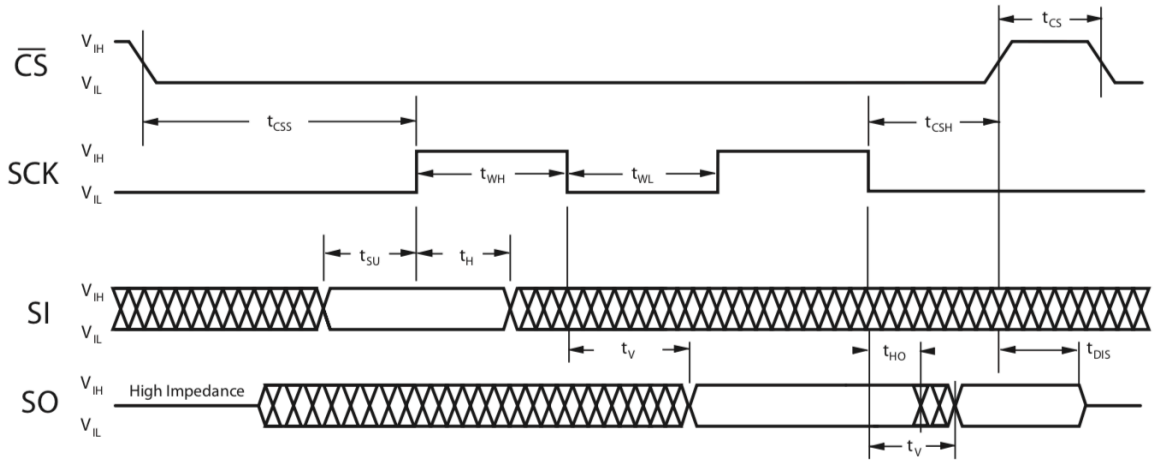
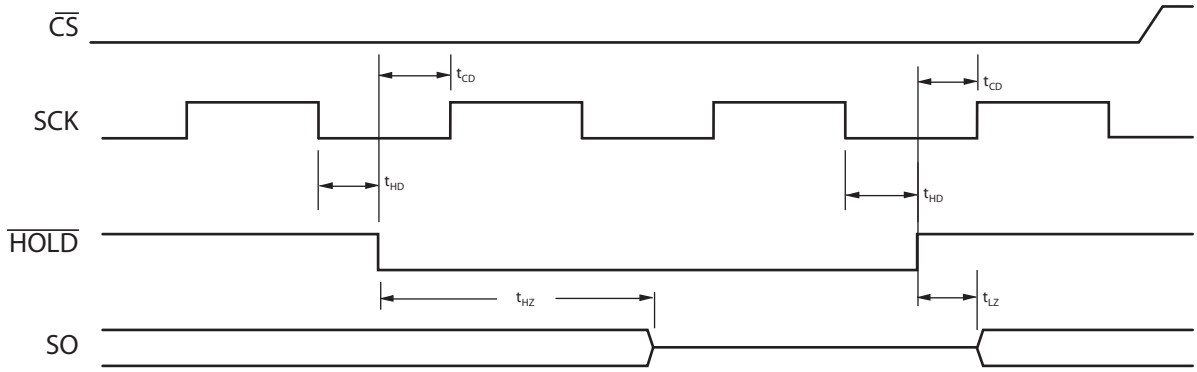


Figure 16 – HOLD Timing



深圳市满度科技有限公司
Web:www.manduic.com
Tel:150-1290-5940
Email:sales@manduic.com

PART NUMBERS AND ORDERING

Table 15 – Part Numbering System

Product Family Number		MR	25H	40				
		Memory	**Interface**	**Density**	**Revision**	**Temp**	**Package**	**Grade**
Ordering Part Number		MR	25H	40		C	DC	ES
MRAM		MR						
50 MHz Serial Family		20H						
40 MHz Serial Family		25H						
256 Kb		256						
512 Kb		512						
1 Mb		10						
4 Mb		40						
No Revision		Blank						
Revision A		A						
Revision B		B						
Commercial	0 to 70°C	Blank						
Industrial	-40 to 85°C	C						
Extended	-40 to 105°C	V						
AEC Q-100 Grade 1	-40 to 125°C	M						
8-pin DFN in Tray		DC						
8-pin DFN Tape and Reel		DCR						
8-pin DFN (small flag) in Tray		DF						
8-pin DFN (small flag) Tape and Reel		DFR						
Engineering Samples		ES						
Customer Samples		Blank						
Mass Production		Blank						

Product Family Number and Ordering Part Number given are for illustration only.

深圳市满度科技有限公司
Web:www.manduic.com
Tel:150-1290-5940
Email:sales@manduic.com

Table 16 – Ordering Part Numbers

Speed Grade	Temp Grade	Tempera-ture	Package	Shipping Con-tainer	Order Part Number
50MHz	Industrial	-40 to +85 C	8-DFN Small Flag	Trays	MR20H40CDF
				Tape and Reel	MR20H40CDFR
40 MHz	Commercial	0 to +70 C	8-DFN Small Flag	Trays	MR25H40DF
				Tape and Reel	MR25H40DFR
	Industrial	-40 to +85 C	8-DFN [1]	Trays	MR25H40CDC [1]
				Tape and Reel	MR25H40CDCR [1]
			8-DFN Small Flag	Trays	MR25H40CDF
				Tape and Reel	MR25H40CDFR
	Extended	-40 to +105 C	8-DFN Small Flag	Trays	MR25H40VDF
				Tape and Reel	MR25H40VDFR
	AEC-Q100 Grade 1	-40 to +125 C	8-DFN Small Flag	Trays	MR25H40MDF
				Tape and Reel	MR25H40MDFR

Note:

1. The DC pckage option (8-DFN) is not recommended for new designs. Please select the DF (8-DFN small flag) option for new designs.

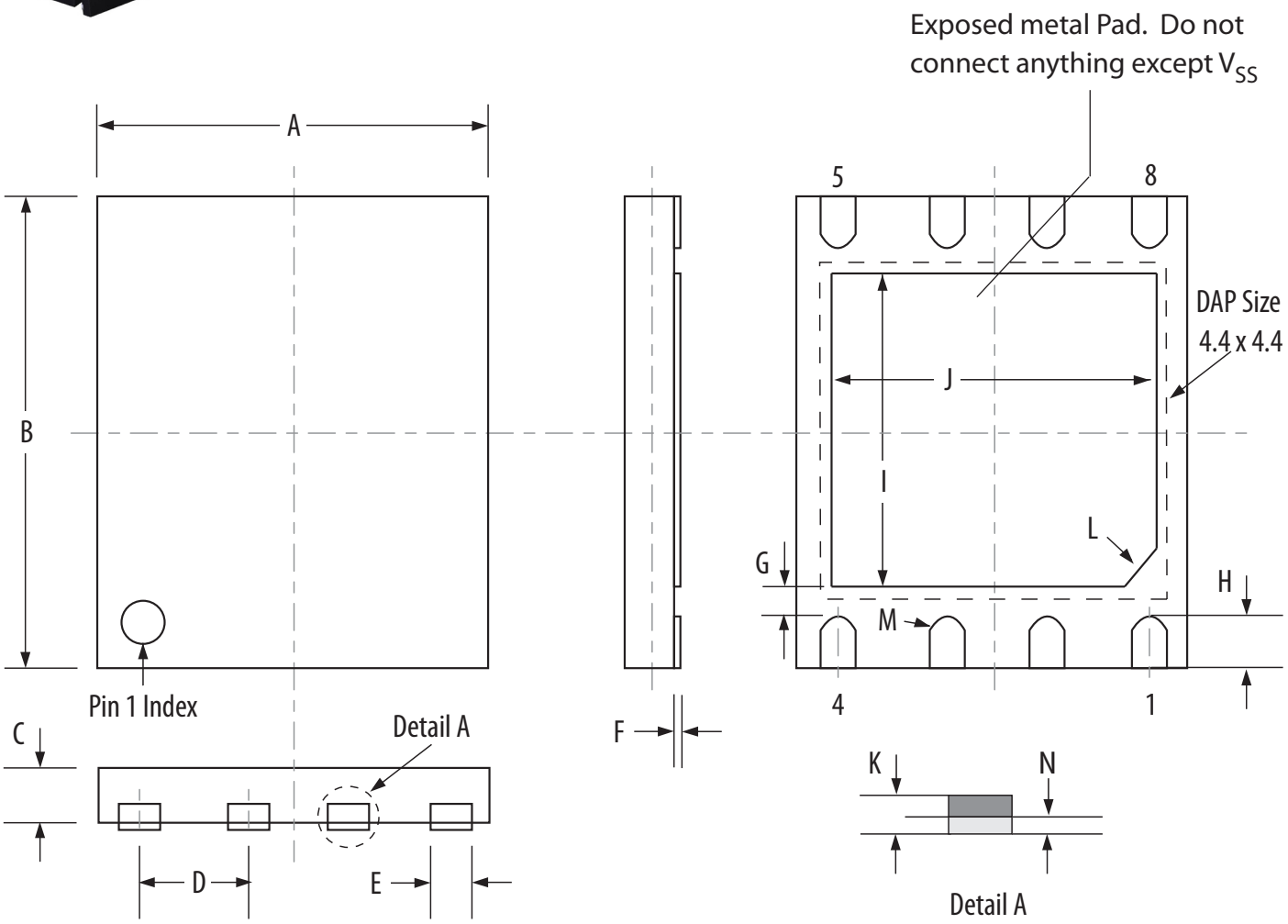
Copyright © Everspin Technologies 2020

深圳市满度科技有限公司
Web:www.manduic.com
Tel:150-1290-5940
Email:sales@manduic.com

PACKAGE OUTLINE DRAWINGS



Figure 17 – DFN Package Outline



Dimension	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N
Max.	5.10	6.10	1.00	1.27	0.45	0.05	0.35	0.70	4.20	4.20	0.261	C0.35	R0.20	0.05
Min.	4.90	5.90	0.90	BSC	0.35	0.00	Ref.	0.50	4.00	4.00	0.195			0.00

Notes:

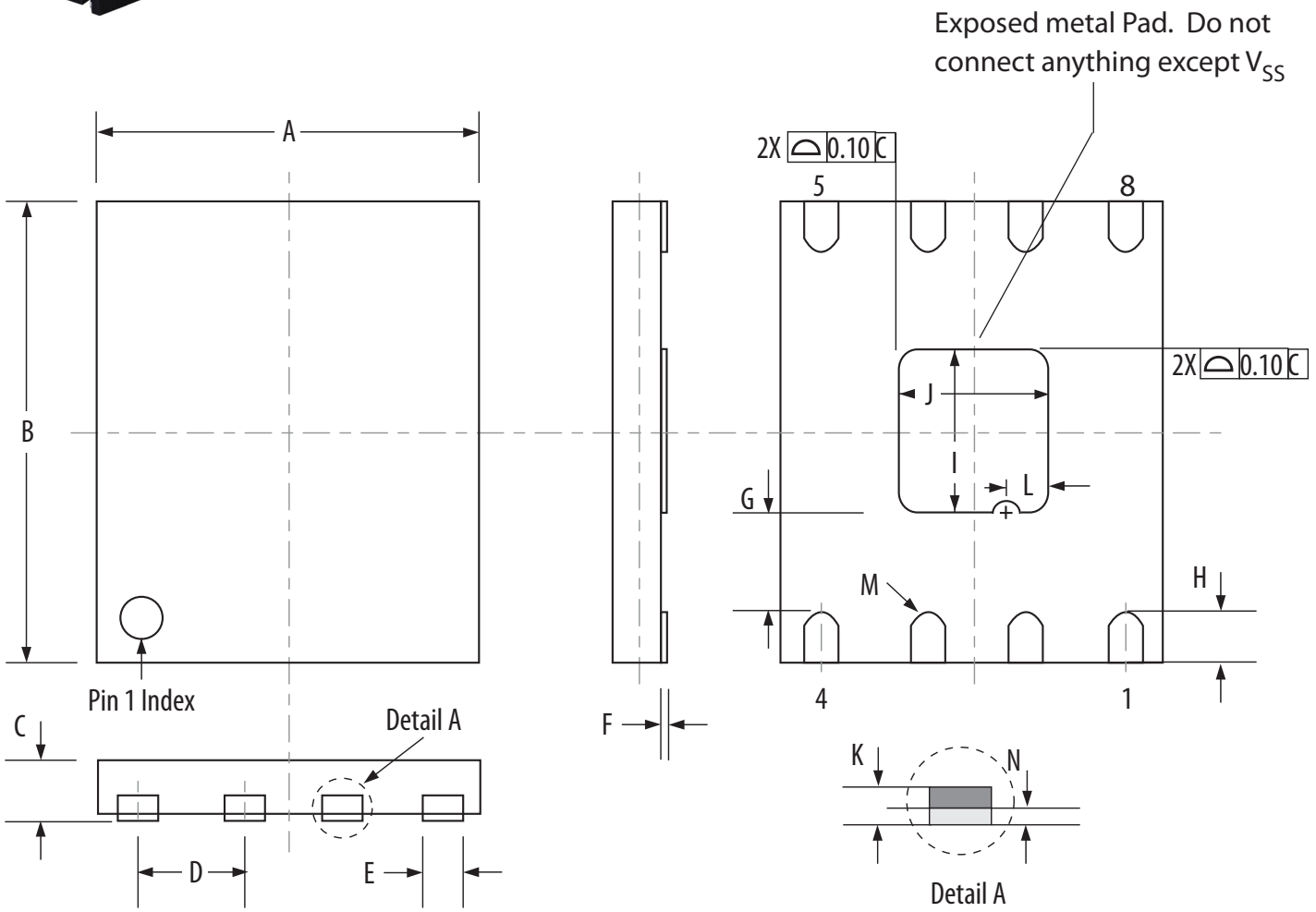
1. Reference JEDEC MO-229.
2. All dimensions are in mm. Angles in degrees.
3. Coplanarity applies to the exposed pad as well as the terminals. Coplanarity shall be within 0.08 mm.
4. Warpage shall not exceed 0.10 mm.

Copyright © Everspin Technologies 2020

深圳市满度科技有限公司
Web:www.manduic.com
Tel:150-1290-5940
Email:sales@manduic.com



Figure 18 – DFN Small Flag Package



Dimension	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N
Max.	5.10	6.10	0.90	1.27 BSC	0.45	0.05	1.60	0.70	2.10	2.10	.210	C0.45	R0.20	0.05
Min.	4.90	5.90	0.80		0.35	0.00	1.20	0.50	1.90	1.90	.196			0.00

Notes:

1. Reference JEDEC MO-229.
2. All dimensions are in mm. Angles in degrees.
3. Coplanarity applies to the exposed pad as well as the terminals. Coplanarity shall be within 0.08 mm.
4. Warpage shall not exceed 0.10 mm.

Copyright © Everspin Technologies 2020

深圳市满度科技有限公司
Web:www.manduic.com
Tel:150-1290-5940
Email:sales@manduic.com

REVISION HISTORY

Revision	Date	Description of Change
0	Jan 15, 2010	Product Concept Release
0 .1	Feb. 23, 2010	Fixed typos in text.
1	May 5, 2010	Removed commercial specifications. All parts meet industrial specifications.
2	Jan 11, 2011	Preliminary Product Release. Updated description of status register non-volatility, WAKE command, Table 3.4.
3	Apr 25, 2011	Removed DIP package part to seperate datasheet. Added inset detail for mechanical package drawings.
4	September 22, 2011	Added AEC-Q100 Grade 1 ordering option. Revised Table 3.1, Table 3.2, Table 3.4, Table 4.4 revised and Note 2 deleted, revised Figure 5.1 and Table 5.1.
5	Nov 18, 2011	Corrected V_{OL} in Table 3.3 to read V_{OL} Max = V_{SS} + 0.2v. Corrected SI waveform in Figure 2.8. New Small Flag DFN package option added to Page 1 Features and available parts Table 5.1. DFN Small Flag drawing and dimensions table added as Figure 6.2. Figure 6.1, DFN Package, cleaned up with better quality drawing and dimension table. No specifications were changed in Figure 6.1.
6	August 23, 2012	CDF and CDFR options changed to Preliminary. Added Small Flag DFN illustrations. Reformatted all parametric tables. Revised 8-DFN package drawing to show correct proportion for flag and package. Added MR20H40 as 50MHz speed option. Deleted large flag DFN ordering option for AEC-Q100 products. Corrected errors in DFN package outline drawings.
7	January 17, 2013	Removed Preliminary status from MR25H40CDF, CDFR.
8	May 24, 2013	Removed Preliminary status from MR20H40CDF(R), and from MR20H40DF(R).
9	March 28, 2014	Removed Preliminary status from 25H40MDF(R). V_{WI} max to unspecified from TBD. Added MSL-3 status to the Features list.
10	July 11, 2014	MR20H40DF and MR20H40DFR withdrawn from sales status.
11	August 13, 2014	Added Extended temperature grade offering.
11.1	May 19, 2015	Revised Everspin contact information.
11.2	June 11, 2015	Corrected Japan Sales Office telephone number.
12.0	December 9, 2015	Clarification of RDSR command operation.
12.1	December 18, 2015	Minor edits to the revised RDSR command operation. Corrected wrong bit number for the WEL in the WRDI command description. Clarification of SRWD bit location in the Status Register within the WRSR command description. Condensed Note 1 in Table 2, referring to RDSR operation after a READ command.

Copyright © Everspin Technologies 2020

深圳市满度科技有限公司
Web:www.manduic.com
Tel:150-1290-5940
Email:sales@manduic.com

REVISION HISTORY - Cont'd

Revision	Date	Description of Change
12.2	December 13, 2016	Change all large flag DFN options to "The DC pckage option (8-DFN) is not recommended for new designs. Please select the DF (8-DFN small flag) option for new designs."
12.3	February 2, 2017	Added ^{t}HO and ^{t}V relationship to Synchronous Data Timing
12.4	March 23, 2018	Updated the Contact Us table
12.5	December 16, 2019	Corrected sentence in Block Protection Modes section on page 9 to "The memory enters hardware block protection when the WP input is low and the Status Register Write Disable (SRWD) bit is set to 1".
12.6	August 7, 2020	Added a Commercial temperature range product option to MR25H40 family.

Copyright © Everspin Technologies 2020

深圳市满度科技有限公司
Web:www.manduic.com
Tel:150-1290-5940
Email:sales@manduic.com

HOW TO REACH US

Everspin Technologies, Inc.

How to Reach Us:

Home Page:

www.everspin.com

World Wide Information Request

WW Headquarters - Chandler, AZ

5670 W. Chandler Blvd., Suite 100

Chandler, Arizona 85226

Tel: +1-877-480-MRAM (6726)

Local Tel: +1-480-347-1111

Fax: +1-480-347-1175

support@everspin.com

orders@everspin.com

sales@everspin.com

Europe, Middle East and Africa

Everspin Europe Support

support.europe@everspin.com

Japan

Everspin Japan Support

support.japan@everspin.com

Asia Pacific

Everspin Asia Support

support.asia@everspin.com

Information in this document is provided solely to enable system and software implementers to use Everspin Technologies products. There are no express or implied licenses granted hereunder to design or fabricate any integrated circuit or circuits based on the information in this document. Everspin Technologies reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein. Everspin makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does Everspin Technologies assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation consequential or incidental damages. "Typical" parameters, which may be provided in Everspin Technologies data sheets and/or specifications can and do vary in different applications and actual performance may vary over time. All operating parameters including "Typicals" must be validated for each customer application by customer's technical experts. Everspin Technologies does not convey any license under its patent rights nor the rights of others. Everspin Technologies products are not designed, intended, or authorized for use as components in systems intended for surgical implant into the body, or other applications intended to support or sustain life, or for any other application in which the failure of the Everspin Technologies product could create a situation where personal injury or death may occur. Should Buyer purchase or use Everspin Technologies products for any such unintended or unauthorized application, Buyer shall indemnify and hold Everspin Technologies and its officers, employees, subsidiaries, affiliates, and distributors harmless against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, and reasonable attorney fees arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use, even if such claim alleges that Everspin Technologies was negligent regarding the design or manufacture of the part. Everspin™ and the Everspin logo are trademarks of Everspin Technologies, Inc. All other product or service names are the property of their respective owners.

Copyright © Everspin Technologies, Inc. 2020

深圳市满度科技有限公司
Web:www.manduic.com
Tel:150-1290-5940
Email:sales@manduic.com